Stock code: 1473

Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.



Handbook for 2023

## Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Time: 9:00am, June 21 (Wednesday), 2023

Venue: No. 320, Sec. 3, Zhongshan Rd., Guiren Dist., Tainan City

(the conference room at the Head Office)

Photo by: Dishan Studio

### Table of Contents

I · Meeting Procedure	1
II · Meeting Agenda	2
1. Report	3
2. Proposals	5
3. Discussion	6
4. Election	7
5. Other Matters	9
6. Extempore Motions	9
III · Attachments	
1. Business Report	10
2. Audit Committee's Audit Report	13
3. Directors' remuneration Payment Report	14
4. Independent Auditor Report and 2022 Financial Statment	16
5. Table of Earning Distribution	38
6. Comparison of Amendments to Operating Procedures for the Acquisition or	
Disposal of Assets	39
IV · Appendices	
1. Articles of Incorporation	41
2. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings	46
3. Rules of Procedures for Election of Directors	55
4. Shareholdings of Directors	57

## Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

Meeting Procedures for 2022 Regular Shareholders' Meeting

- I. Call the Meeting to Order
- II. Chairperson Remarks
- III. Reports
- IV. Proposal
- V. Discussion
- VI. Election
- VII. Other Matters
- VIII.Extempore Motions
- IX. Adjournment

### Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

### 2023 Regular Shareholders' Meeting

Time: 9:00am, June 21 (Wednesday), 2023

Venue: No. 320, Sec. 3, Zhongshan Rd., Guiren Dist., Tainan City (the conference room at the Head

Office)

Method: The regular shareholders' meeting will be convened in a physical manner.

- I. Call Meeting to Order: announcing the number of attending shares
- II. Chairperson Remarks:
- III. Reports
  - (1) Business report of 2022
  - (2) Audit committee's Audit Report
  - (3) Report on the 2022 profit sharing remuneration to employees and directors and the distribution status.
  - (4) Directors remuneration payment report of 2022.
  - (5) 8th Treasury Stock repurchase report.
- IV. Perposal
  - (1) Ratify the Company's 2022 business report and financial statement
  - (2) Ratify the Company's earnings distribution proposal for 2022.
- V. Discussion

Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets."

VI. Election

Re-election of Directors.

#### VII. Other Matters

Proposal of release new directors and their representatives from the prohibition of competition.

VIII. Extempore Motions

IX. Adjournment

### Reports

Proposal 1 : Please review the 2022 Businss Report.

Description: For the 2022 Business report, please refer to Attachment 1, page 10-12 of the handbook.

Proposal 2 : Please review the Audit Committee's Audit Report.

Description: For the Audit Committee's Audit Report, please refer to Attachment 2, page 13 of the handbook.

Proposal 3 : Report on the 2022 profit sharing remuneration to employees and directors and the distribution status.

Description: I. Pursuant to Article 31 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall distribute the profit sharing remuneration to employees at a rate of not less than 1% of the Company's profit for the year and the profit sharing remuneration to directors at a rate of not more than 5% of the Company's profit for the year.

II. The Company's 2022 pre-tax income before the distribution of employees' and directors' remuneration is NT\$322,405 thousand. The proposed cash distribution of employee remuneration in the amount of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration in the amount of NT\$6,600,000 is not different from the estimated employee remuneration of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration of NT\$6,600,000 in the accounts.

Proposal 4 : Please review the Directors remuneration payment report of 2022.

Description: I. The remuneration to the directors of the Company shall be in accordance with Article 31 of the Articles of Incorporation. The Company shall distribute remuneration to directors at a rate of not more than 5% of the profits of the current year. In addition, in accordance with the "Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors" of the Company, reasonable remuneration shall be paid with reference to the performance evaluation results of each director and shall be reviewed by the remuneration committee and approved by the board of directors.

- II. The Company's independent directors receive fixed remuneration and do not participate in the distribution of earnings. The fixed remuneration is based on each independent director's participation in the Company's operations and the value of his or her contribution. Also, the remuneration paid by peer companies and listed companies in related industries is also be taken as consideration.
- III. For Directors' remuneration paymen report, please refer to attachment 3 on pages 14-15 of this handbook.

.

Proposal 5: 8th Treasury Stock repurchase report.

Description: Execution of the eighth buyback of the Company's treasury shares is as follows:

- 1. Original purpose of repurchase of shares: to transfer shares to employees
- 2. Actual repurchase period: March 30, 2018-May 22, 2018
- 3. Actual number of shares repurchased: 1,000,000 shares
- 4. As a percentage of issued shares: 0.68%
- 5. Average repurchase cost per share: NT\$22.66
- 6. Transferable period: May 22, 2018-May 22, 2023
- 7. Actual implementation:
- (1) In accordance with the regulations of the competent authorities and the Company's "Regulations on the Transfer of Repurchased Company Shares to Employees," the Company shall transfer treasury shares to employees within five years from the date of repurchase; if the shares are not transferred after that date, the shares shall be written off.
- (2) On November 18, 2022, the board of directors resolved to write off all 1,000,000 shares of treasury shares on the base date of write-off, May 22, 2023.

### Proposal

#### Proposal 1:

Cause: Ratify the Company's 2022 business report and financial statements. (Proposed by the board of directors)

Description: I. The Company's 2022 financial statements, including parent-only and consolidated balance sheet, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow, have been audited by Lin, Tzu-shu, CPA and Tien, Chung-Yu, CPA from PwC Taiwan.

- II. For the business report, independent auditor's report, and the abovementioned financial statements, please refer to Attachment 1, page 10-12 and Attachment 4, page 16-37 of the handbook.
- III. Please ratify

#### Resolution:

#### Proposal 2:

Cause: Ratify the Company's earnings distribution proposal for 2022 (Proposed by the board of directors)

Description: Regarding the earnings distribution proposal for 2022, the resolution adopted by the Board Meeting on March 21, 2023 is following:

- I. In this earnings distribution, cash dividends of NT\$1 per share are intended to be distributed, totaling NT\$146,153,534. If the number of outstanding shares is subsequently affected by the retirement of shares or the issuance of new shares due to the repurchase of the Company's shares or the exercise of employee stock options, please authorize the Chairperson to adjust the distribution rate based on the actual number of outstanding shares of the Company on the base date of dividends distribution in accordance with the total amount of earnings proposed to be distributed from the common stock resolved at the shareholders' meeting.
- II. The cash dividends were calculated and rounded off to the nearest NTD at the distribution ratio. The fractional amount less than NTD1 was summed up and recognized by the Company as other revenue of the Company.
- III. The cash dividend distribution referred to in the preceding paragraph is proposed to be approved by the shareholders' at the 2023 annual general meeting of the Company and to have the Chairman authorized to determine the dividends record date for the cash dividends distribution and date of payment.
- IV. For the distribution of earnings table in 2022, please refer to Attachment 5 on page 38 of the handbook.
- V. Please ratify

#### Resolution:

### Disscustion

Cause: Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets." (Proposed by the board of directors)

Description: I. In order to implement the enhancement of related party transaction management of Corporate Governance 3.0 -Sustainable Development Roadmap, the Company amended the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets" according to the document of R-1110024366.

- II. For the comparison table of amended provisions, please refer to Attachment 6 on page 39-40 of the handbook.
- III. Please discuss.

Resolution:

#### Election

Cause: Re-election of Directors. (Proposed by the board of directors)

Description: I. The term of office of the current directors of the Company expires on June 14, 2023, and the director election shall be held at the 2023 regular shareholders' meeting in accordance with the law.

- II. In accordance with Article 18 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the number of directors shall be seven to eleven. The number of independent directors shall not be less than three and shall not be less than one-fifth of the number of directors. The Company adopts the candidates' nomination system for the election of the entire directors, shareholders elect directors from nominees list.
- III. At this regular shareholders' meeting, 11 directors (including 3 independent directors) will be elected for a term of three years from June 21, 2023 to June 20, 2026 in accordance with the "Procedures for Election of Directors" of the Company, and the original directors will be terminated upon completion of the election at this regular shareholders' meeting.
- IV. The candidate list of directors reviewed and approved by the board of directors on April 24, 2023 is as follows, please vote.

Title	Candidates	Share held	Experience / Academic background	Present position
Directors	Yang Ching-Hon	0	Education:	•Chairman of TAINAN.
Directors	Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd.	6,159,821	-	-
Directors	Tian Mei Investment Co., Ltd.	3,805,200	-	-
Directors	Ri Fu Investment Co., Ltd.	3,943,401	-	-
Directors	Jing Da Development Co., Ltd.	217,263	-	-
Directors	Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.	6,501,331	-	-

Directors	CHC I 1	0.522.000		
	CHC International Investment Co., Ltd.	9,522,000	-	-
Directors	Tai Yang Investment Co., Ltd.	1,188,000	-	-
Independent Directors	Tuanmu Cheng	0	Education:  National Taiwan University,EMBA.  Drexel University MBA Experience:  Manager of underwriting department,IBT Securities Co., Ltd.  Financial advisor of Small and Medium Enterprise Administration, Ministry of Economic Affairs.	<ul> <li>Accountant of Jing Hua         Cpa Firm</li> <li>Finance and         Accounting Manager         of Super Dragon         Technology Co., Ltd</li> <li>Independent Directors         of Fubon Securities         Co., Ltd.</li> <li>Independent Directors         of Gia Tzoong         Enterprise Co.,Ltd.</li> <li>Independent Directors         of Oriental System         Technology Inc.</li> </ul>
Independent Directors	Sher Jih-Hsin	0	Education:  Doctor of University of Warwick, UK, Marketing and Strategic Management, Warwick Business School.  Experience: Dean of International School of Technology and Management ,Feng Chia University Chairman of Corporate Synergy Development Center. Team Leader and Member of patent of Intellectual Property Office, MOEA.	<ul> <li>Chair Professor of         Department of         Business         Administration, Feng         Chia University.</li> <li>CEO of FCU Social         Responsibility Center</li> <li>Dean of d.School, Feng         Chia University.</li> </ul>
Independent Directors	Li Li-Ying	0	Education:  National Taiwan University, Business. Experience:  Li&Fung(Taiwan) Limited Sr. VP  Colby Limited(Taiwan), General Manager.	•CEO of Vtec Innovation Corp.

#### Other Matters

Cause:

proposal of release new directors and their representatives from the prohibition of competition. (Proposed by the board of directors)

Description: I. According to Article 209 of the Company Act, a director who does anything for himself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business, shall explain to the meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.

- II. If it is necessary for the Company's newly elected directors and their representatives to act for themselves or others in the Company's scope of business, relaxation of prohibition of competition imposed on such directors or their representatives shall be proposed to the shareholders' meeting for approval, provided that it is not detrimental to the interests of the Company.
- III. The election of directors and independent directors of the Company is based on a candidate nomination system, and in order to facilitate shareholders to exercise their evoting rights, the list of candidates and statement of relaxation of prohibition of competition is disclosed below. Please review them.

Title	Candidates	Present position
Directors	Yang Ching-Hon	(1)TONY WEAR (Shanghai) Fashion Co., LtdChairman
		(2) Yixing Gaoqing Garment Co., LtdChairman
		(3) Changzhou Gao Qing Shopping Mall Co., Ltd., -Directors
		(4) Gao Qing (Nanjing) Shopping Mall Co., Ltd -Directors
		(5)TAINAN ENTERPRISE (CAYMAN) CO.,Ltd -Chairman
		(6)TAINAN ENTERPRISES (BVI) CO., LTDChairman
		(7)PT. TAINAN ENTERPRISES INDONESIA –Chairman
		(8)PT.Andalan Mandiri Busana –Chairman
		(9)TAINAN ENTERPRISES (VIETNAM) CO., LTDChairman
		(10)NELSON SPORT CO., LTDDirectors
Independent Directors	Li Li-Ying	CEO of Vtec Innovation Corp.

Resolution:

**Extemporary Motions** 

Adjournment

#### Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

#### **Business Report**

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

Upon outbreak of the Russia-Ukraine War in 2022, various countries all over the world have successively come out to support Ukraine. As a result, the crude oil price has soared and thereby caused the increase in the price of raw materials & supplies and commodity price, and also continuous lift rates, in the world. Besides, the confirmed COVID-19 cases attained the new record, more than ten thousand cases per day, in April. Notwithstanding, as people had better understanding about the symptoms of confirmed cases and no longer felt afraid of the virus, the idea about co-existence of virus was getting stronger and stronger. Now, various countries are lifting their border control policy gradually. People are also adjusting their lifestyle back slowly.

#### **Operating Performance and Results 2022**

In terms of operating revenue and profitability, the Company's annual consolidated operating revenue was NT\$7.52 billion in 2022, an increase by 30.69% from that in 2021. The consolidated earnings after tax attributed to the parent company was NT\$300 million. Because of the severe epidemic condition in Shanghai, the city implemented the lockout policy. As a result, it was impossible to import (export) the main and auxiliary materials. Besides, the persistent port congestion problem forced the customers to postpone the original delivery period. Given this, the Company keeps reviewing its practices strategically, in order to ship the ordered goods in the optimal manner. Due to the support from various brand customers, the Company received sufficient orders. Therefore, the Company moved the orders from production areas and re-distributed them to save main and auxiliary materials to the maximum, in an attempt to reduce labors and strengthen efficiency by means of automation. This makes 2022 the most profitable year for the Company over the past decade.

#### Outlook 2023

n 2022, the visit paid by Mrs. Nancy Pelosi, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, to Taiwan caused the cross-strait relationship to get tensed. Meanwhile, the death of former Japanese Prime Minister, Shinzo Abe, shocked the world, and the election campaign in Taiwan at the end of the year also made 2022 a very brilliant and exciting year. After going through the COVID-19 epidemic in 2019, the Company is ready to adjust its status, establish new courses of action, and prepare for the future as early as possible.

#### 1. Adjustment of customer strategies

The epidemic has changed people's life styles and habits. Customers also adjusted their order strategies significantly. Therefore, the Company stabilizes existing customers, focuses on customers with higher growth momentum and offering high unit price, and changes the plate movement of the brand production bases to maximize profit.

#### 2. Improve competitiveness and create entry threshold

In order to improve efficiency, specialization of products and automation are two indispensable factors. Automated processes and equipment may help upgrade the threshold of competition. When dealing the small-volume and large-variety production orders, the Company will continue to introduce automatic machine into the sewing line of the factory, with a view to making some profit through various adjustment measures implemented in the factory and also to making the cost controls improved further.

#### 3. SUPPLY CHAIN SHIFT & raw materials control

According to the WTO statistics, the largest textile exporting country in the world is China. Given the impact posed by de-sinicization, it is inevitably necessary to find raw materials and supplies outside the territories of China. The Company is expected to reach 52% of the cloth from the ASEAN source within three years, and 70% from the local source within three years too. Meanwhile, it also requires that the cloth factory's price should be competitive, and also establishes the strategic alliance with the cloth factory designated by customers more thoroughly.

#### 4. Digitalization & Talent Training

Digitalization and recruitment of talents complement each other, so that they may help the Company's management mode improved further. The Company applies the AI technology to improve the job level and descriptions, and uses RPA robots to mitigate the labor intensity significantly and attract fine-quality employees. Talent training is always the Company's priority target. By adjusting the organization, the Company establishes the successor plans for various departments. Meanwhile, the Company recruits GMA/SMA to enable the organization to be younger and energetic.

Stability is more important than quickness. The Company keeps reflecting on introspection and never stops its footstep on the road to the garment industry. In the market full of intensive competition, we applies different business strategies relying on different resources and different environments, in order to optimize any production process benefiting profitability.

We believe you can feel our changes.

Chairman Yang Ching-Feng



General Manager Hsieh Yiu-Chin



Accounting Officer Tsai Chen-Chih



### Audit Committee's Audit Report.

The Board of Meeting prepared the Company's 2022 annual business report, parent company only and consolidated financial statements and earnings appropriation proposal. Among them. The parent company only and consolidated financial statements have been checked by PwC Taiwan and an audit report with unqualified opinion has been issued. Said business report, parent company only and consolidated financial statements and earnings appropriation proposal have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and found to have no inconsistencies. This report is issued in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. Please review it accordingly.

Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

Convener of Audit Committee: Lien King Biau

March 21,2023

### [Attachment 3]

### Directors' Remuneration Payment Report

Unit: NTD Thousand; Share: Thousand Shares

						Compensatio	on to directo	ors			of fou	tal amount r items A,		1	Employee com	pensation re	ceived by d	irectors			The total am		
			Remuner	ation (A)		rement sion (B)	dir	ensation to ectors Note 1)	practi	essional ice fees Note 2)	percent profit	and D as a tage of net after tax (ote 3)	Salary, bo special all al. (E)	nus and owance, et	Retiremen (F		Com	pensation to	employee	s (G)	and G as a p net profit aft 3)	ercentage of	Compensati on from
	Job Title	Name		All compa nies in	the	All compan ies in	the	All compani	the Co	All compa nies in	the	All compa nies in	the	All compani		All compan ies in	the Cor	npany's	in the f	npanies inancial nents		All companie	investees other than subsidiaries or the parent
			the Compa ny	the financ ial statem ents	Co mpa ny	the financi al stateme nts	Comp	es in the financial statement s	mp an y	the financi al stateme nts	Com	the financi al stateme nts	Compa ny	es in the financia l stateme nts	the Company	the financia l stateme nts	Amou nt in cash	Amou nt in stock	Amo unt in cash	Amo unt in stock	the Company 's	s in the financial statement s	company
	Chairman of the Board	Yang Ching-Hon	l	_	_	ı	600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	2,410	2,410	153	153					3,163 1.05	3,163 1.05	1600
	Juristic-person director	Jing Da Development Co., Ltd.	_	-	-	-	600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	600 0.2	600 0.2	_
	Juristic-person representative	Wang Fang-Qiong	l	_	_	ı	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	ı	_		_	ı	_	ı	_	ı	30
	Juristic-person director	Tian Mei Investment Co., Ltd.	I	_	_	-	600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	_	ı	_	-	_	ı	_	ı	600 0.2	600 0.2	_
	Juristic-person representative	Yang Yin-Ying	1	_	_		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
-	Juristic-person director	Ri Fu Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	_	-	600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	-
	Juristic-person representative	Yang Fu-Ching	_	_		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Directors	Juristic-person director	Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd.	ı	_	_	ı	600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	-	_	_	-	_		_		600 0.2	600 0.2	_
	Juristic-person representative	Wu Tao-Chang		_	-		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	24
	Juristic-person director	Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.	-	_	_	_	600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	-
	Juristic-person representative	Su Chiung-Chung	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	4,431	4,431	108	108	_	_	_	-	4,539 1.51	4,539 1.51	_
	Juristic-person director	Tai Yang Investment Co., Ltd.		_	_		600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	_		_	-	_		_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	_
	Juristic-person representative	Yang Shun-Hui (June 15, 2020~January 25, 2022)	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,191	6,191	108	108	_	_	_	-	6,299 2.09	6,299 2.09	_
	Juristic-person representative	Hsieh Yu-Chin (New representative appointed on January 26, 2022)	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	_

Unit: NTD Thousand; Share: Thousand Shares

						Compensat	ion to direct	tors	_			ems A, B,		I	Employee co	ompensation	received by	directors			The total four item D. E. F a				
			Remuner		Remuneration (A) Retirement Pension (B)		directors pr		Professi practice (Note 2	fees (D)	percenta profit a	D as a age of net after tax te 3)	Salary, bonus and special allowance, et al. (E)		Retirement Pension (F)		Con	npensation t	o employee:	s (G)	percentage of net profit after tax (Note 3)		Compensati on from investees		
Job	Title	Name	the	All compa nies in	the	All compa nies in	the	All compa nies in	the	All compani	the	All compa nies in	the	All companie	the	All compa nies in	the Cor	npany's	the fir	panies in nancial ments		All companie	other than subsidiaries or the		
					Compa ny	the financi al statem ents	Co mpa ny	the financi al statem ents	Compa ny	the financi al statem ents	Com	es in the financial stateme nts	Compa ny	the financi al statem ents	Comp	s in the financial statement s	Compa ny	the financi al statem ents	Amou nt in cash	Amou nt in stock	Amou nt in cash	Amou nt in stock	the Compa ny's	s in the financial statement s	parent company
Directors	Juristic- person director	CHC International Investment Co., Ltd	-	-	_	-	600	600	-	-	600 0.2	600 0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	600 0.2	600 0.2	_		
Directors	Juristic- person representativ e	Fang Yen- Ling	_	-		-			_	_		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_		
Independent	Independent Director	Lien King-Biau	-	-	_	-	600	600	-	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	600 0.2	600 0.2	_		
Director	Independent Director	Pai Chung-Lian	ı	-	_	_	600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	I	_	_	_	ı	-	_	-	600 0.2	600 0.2	_		
	Independent Director	Li Chih-Kuang	_	_	_	_	600	600	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	600 0.2	600 0.2	_		

<sup>1.</sup> Please state the policies, systems, standards and structure of compensation to independent directors and the relationship between the compensation and the job responsibility, risk and engagement hours borne by the independent directors: The Company's independent directors receive the fixed remuneration and refrain from participating the distribution of earnings. The fixed remuneration is based on each independent director's participation in the Company's operations and the value of his or her contribution. Also, the remuneration paid by peer companies and listed companies in related industries is also be taken into consideration.

<sup>2.</sup> Compensation received by directors for providing service to any company included in the Financial Statements (e.g., consultancy service without the title of an employee) in the most recent year except those disclosed in the above table: None.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to Other matter section), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* for the audit of the parent company only financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Company's 2022 parent company only financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's 2022 parent company only financial statements are stated as follows:

#### **Cut-off of operating revenue from export sales**

#### **Description**

Refer to Notes 4(28) and 6(20) for the accounting policy and the details of revenue. Exports sales comprise a significant portion of the Company's revenues, which are recognized based on the terms and conditions of the transaction agreed with the customer. As the revenue recognition process involves manual process and judgements, there exists a risk of material misstatement that may arise from improper timing in revenue recognition for transactions that occur near the balance sheet date. Thus, we considered the cut-off of operating revenue from export sales a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and assessed the accounting policies on revenue recognition.
- 2. Confirmed the completeness of the sales revenue transaction details for the export sales for a certain period before or after the balance sheet date and performed cut-off tests on a sampling basis to inspect the supporting documents (including confirming transaction conditions, checking orders, shipping documents, export declarations and bills of lading, etc.) to ascertain whether sales revenue was recognized in the proper period.

#### Other matter –Report of other auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under equity method that are included in the parent company only financial statements. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the parent company only financial statements and the information disclosed relative to these investments, is based solely on the audit reports of other auditors. The balance of these investments accounted for under equity method amounted to \$73,644 thousand and \$61,840 thousand, both representing 1% of the related totals as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the share of profit or loss amounted to \$19,180 thousand and \$13,811 thousand, constituting 4% and (7%) of the total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,

as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Lin, Tzu-Shu

**Independent Accountants** 

Tien, Chung-Yu

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

Republic of China

March 21, 2023

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying parent company only financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		December 31, 20						
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	285,148	6	\$	212,173	4
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)						
	profit or loss - current			32	-		-	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)		891	-		380	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4) and 7		1,155,396	23		1,097,887	23
1200	Other receivables			2,828	-		2,183	-
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7		1,078	-		117,724	2
1220	Current income tax assets	6(27)		207	-		207	-
130X	Inventories	6(5)		615,866	13		745,330	16
1410	Prepayments	7		27,518	1		121,089	3
11XX	Total current assets			2,088,964	43		2,296,973	48
	Non-current assets							
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	5(2) and 6(2)						
	profit or loss - non-current			86,954	2		86,954	2
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(6)						
	other comprehensive income - non-							
	current			609	-		639	-
1535	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(3)						
	non-current			30,717	-		30,230	1
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(7)						
	equity method			2,124,315	43		1,794,164	37
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8		377,210	8		385,909	8
1760	Investment property, net	6(10)		137,443	3		134,633	3
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)		13,017	-		15,731	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(27)		34,516	1		46,701	1
1915	Prepayments for equipment	6(8)(10)(11)		4,626	-		1,528	-
1920	Guarantee deposits paid			186	-		186	-
1975	Net defined benefit assets - non-	6(15)						
	current			3,158	-		-	-
1990	Other non-current assets			9,669			9,924	
15XX	<b>Total non-current assets</b>			2,822,420	57		2,506,599	52
1XXX	Total assets		\$	4,911,384	100	\$	4,803,572	100

(Continued)

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Liabilities and Equity		December 31, 2022 AMOUNT		December 31, 2021 AMOUNT %			
	Current liabilities	Notes		THIO CIVI	%		THROCIVI	70
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12) and 8	\$	595,842	12	\$	834,707	17
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(13)		-	_		149,972	3
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(20)		2,421	_		7,474	_
2150	Notes payable			3,284	_		8,447	-
2170	Accounts payable			143,445	3		243,406	5
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		183,820	4		118,159	3
2200	Other payables	6(14)		150,697	3		111,889	2
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		253,348	5		226,234	5
2310	Advance receipts			384			384	_
21XX	Total current liabilities			1,333,241	27		1,700,672	35
	Non-current liabilities							
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(27)		39,742	1		39,742	1
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities - non-	6(15)						
	current			-	-		9,073	-
2645	Guarantee deposits received			331			331	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			40,073	1		49,146	1
2XXX	<b>Total liabilities</b>			1,373,314	28		1,749,818	36
	Equity							
	Share capital							
3110	Common stock	6(16)		1,471,535	30		1,471,535	31
3200	Capital surplus	6(17)		830,797	16		845,412	17
	Retained earnings	6(18)						
3310	Legal reserve			766,835	16		766,835	16
3320	Special reserve			204,724	4		162,805	3
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			311,783	6		41,921	1
3400	Other equity interest	6(6)(7)(19)	(	24,941)	-	(	212,091) (	4)
3500	Treasury stocks	6(16)	(	22,663)		(	22,663)	
3XXX	Total equity			3,538,070	72		3,053,754	64
	Contingent Liabilities and	9						
	Commitments							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	4,911,384	100	\$	4,803,572	100

TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.
PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings (loss) per share data)

Process   Proc				Year ended December 31						
A000   Operating revenue   O(20) and 7   \$ 7,321,873   100   \$ 5,599,470   100					2022			2021		
Source   S	1000			<u>_</u>			-			
Net operating margin		1 0		\$			·			
Selling expenses	5000	Not operating margin	7	(	<u>6,805,000</u> ) (	<u>93</u> )	(	5,100,360) (		
Selling expenses	3900				310,873	/		499,110	9	
General and administrative expenses   ( 243, 403) ( 4) ( 206, 324) ( 606)	6100	Selling expenses	una 12	(	160,705) (	2)	(	183,973) (	4)	
Expected credit losses	6200	General and administrative expenses		(		4)	(		4	
Total operating expenses				(		1)	(		1	
Non-operating income and expenses   1,000				(			(			
Non-operating income and expenses   100				(		<u>7</u> )	(		9	
Time   Content	6900				33,959			31,097		
Other income   Copy  (10)(22), 7 and   29,058   -   10,346   -	7100		((2)(21) 17		2.706			4 204		
1					2,780	-		4,384	-	
10,000   1	7010	Other income			20, 058			10 346		
105,666   2   205	7020	Other gains and losses			29,030	-		10,540	-	
Finance costs	7020	other gams and losses			105.666	2.		205	_	
Share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method   154,009   2   178,105   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3	7050	Finance costs		(			(		-	
For under equity method   154,009   2   (				`	20,01.,			0,2007		
Total non-operating income and expenses		associates and joint ventures accounted								
Expenses   277,845   4   169,378   3   3   3   3   3   4   4   189,378   3   3   3   3   3   3   4   4   189,378   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3					154,009	2	(	178,10 <u>5</u> ) (	3	
Profit (loss) before income tax   131,804   4   138,281   3   3   3   5   1   3   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	7000									
Income tax (expense) benefit   6(27)   ( 10,772)   - 3,177   - 3							(		3	
Profit (loss) for the year			((27)	,	,	4	(		3)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)   Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss   Sactuarial gains on defined benefit plan   6(15)   \$8,888   \$\$3,927   \$\$-\$8311   Actuarial gains on defined benefit plan   6(6)(19)   \$8,888   \$\$\$ \$3,927   \$\$-\$8316   Unrealized (losses) gains on valuation of   6(6)(19)   \$\$8,888   \$\$\$\$ \$3,927   \$\$-\$8320   Comprehensive income   (loss) of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will not be reclassified to profit or loss   \$9,618   \$\$-\$\$ ( \$16,376)   \$\$-\$			6(27)	(			( <del>h</del>			
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	8200	•		\$	301,032	4	( \$	135,104) (	3	
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will not be reclassified to profit or loss		income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Actuarial gains on defined benefit plan Unrealized (losses) gains on valuation of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other		\$		-	\$		-	
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive loss that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	8330	Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will not be reclassified to profit		(	·	-			-	
reclassified to profit or loss  Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss  8361 Financial statements translation 6(7)(19) differences of foreign operations  8380 Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will be reclassified to profit or loss  8300 Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the year  8500 Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year  8500 Earnings (loss) per share (in dollars)  8500 Basic	8349	Income tax related to components of	6(27)		9,618	-	(	16,376)	-	
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will be reclassified to profit or loss   9 - 14 - 14		reclassified to profit or loss  Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to		(	1,778)	-	(	786)	-	
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will be reclassified to profit or loss   9	8361		6(7)(19)							
Be reclassified to profit or loss   9	8380	Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	6(19)		181,192	3	(	48,852) (	1)	
For the year   \$ 197,899   3 (\$ 61,910) ( 1	9200	be reclassified to profit or loss			9			14		
8500 Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year \$ 498,931 7 (\$ 197,014) ( 4	3300			\$	197,899	3	(\$	61,910) (	1	
Earnings (loss) per share (in dollars) 6(28)  9750 Basic \$ 2.06 (\$ 0.92	8500	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the		φ.						
9750 Basic \$ 2.06 (\$ 0.92		уеаг		<u>\$</u>	498,931	/	( 7	197,014) (	4	
		Earnings (loss) per share (in dollars)	6(28)							
9850 Diluted <u>\$ 2.06 (\$ 0.92</u>	9750	Basic		\$		2.06	( \$		0.92	
	9850	Diluted		\$		2.06	(\$		0.92	

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				Retained Earnings		Other Eq	uity Interest			
	Notes	Common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Treasury stocks	Total equity
Year ended December 31, 2021										
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 1,471,535	\$ 874,643	\$ 766,835	\$ 63,280	\$ 289,174	(\$ 159,201)	(\$ 3,604)	(\$ 22,663)	\$ 3,279,999
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2021		-	-	-	-	( 135,104)	-	-	-	( 135,104)
Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2021	6(19)	<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		(12,624_)	(48,838_)	(		(61,910_)
Total comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2021						(147,728_)	(48,838_)	(		(197,014_)
Distribution of 2020 net income:										
Special reserve		-	-	-	99,525	( 99,525)	-	-	-	-
Cash distribution from capital surplus	6(17)	<del>-</del>	(29,231_)	<del>-</del>						(29,231_)
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$ 1,471,535	\$ 845,412	\$ 766,835	\$ 162,805	\$ 41,921	(\$ 208,039)	(\$ 4,052)	(\$ 22,663)	\$ 3,053,754
Year ended December 31, 2022										
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 1,471,535	\$ 845,412	\$ 766,835	\$ 162,805	\$ 41,921	(\$ 208,039)	(\$ 4,052)	(\$ 22,663)	\$ 3,053,754
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2022		-	-	-	-	301,032	-	-	-	301,032
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	6(19)					10,749	181,201	5,949		197,899
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022						311,781	181,201	5,949		498,931
Distribution of 2021 net income:										
Special reserve		-	-	-	41,919	( 41,919)	-	-	-	-
Cash distribution from capital surplus	6(17)	<del>-</del>	(14,615_)		<del>-</del>					(14,615_)
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 1,471,535	\$ 830,797	\$ 766,835	\$ 204,724	\$ 311,783	(\$ 26,838)	\$ 1,897	(\$ 22,663)	\$3,538,070

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended I	Decemb	er 31
	Notes		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit (loss) before tax		\$	311,804	(\$	138,281)
Adjustments		*	2 ,	( +	,,
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Foreign currency exchange loss (gain)			3,758	(	4,489)
Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value	6(23)		- ,		, ,
through profit or loss	,	(	32)	(	218)
Expected credit losses	12	(	5,380		6,055
Share of (profit) loss of subsidiaries, associates and	6(7)		,		,
joint ventures accounted for under equity method	( )	(	154,009)		178,105
Reclassification of exchange loss arising from	6(19)(23)	,	, ,		,
disposal of investments			4,658		_
Depreciation	6(8)(10)(25)		12,660		12,814
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(23)		33		105
Loss on disposal of investment property	6(23)		3		3
Amortisation	6(11)(25)		8,358		7,219
Interest income	6(21)	(	2,786)	(	4,384)
Dividend income	6(22)	(	12)		-
Interest expense	6(24)	(	13,674		6,208
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	·(- ·)		,-,		-,
Changes in operating assets					
Notes receivable		(	511)	(	2)
Accounts receivable		(	62,889)	ì	115,817)
Other receivables		(	723 )		2,029
Other receivables - related parties		,	390		2,833
Inventories			129,464	(	303,835)
Prepayments			93,571	ì	106,168)
Changes in operating liabilities			, , , , ,	(	,,
Contract liabilities - current		(	5,053)	(	561)
Notes payable		(	5,163)	(	3,339
Accounts payable		(	99,961)		31,337
Accounts payable - related parties		(	65,661	(	75,758)
Other payables			37,453	(	20,471
Other payables - related parties			27,114	(	72,187)
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current		(	3,343)	ì	3,209)
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations		\	379,499	$\widetilde{}$	554,391 )
Dividends received			12	(	-
Interest received			2,864		7,802
Income tax received			2,001		30
Interest paid		(	13,547)	(	5,985)
Income tax paid		(	365)	,	-
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities		\	368,463	(	552,544)
rec cash nows from (used in) operating activities			300,703	<u></u>	

(Continued)

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31				
	Notes		2022		2021		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
(Increase) decrease in financial assets at amortised cost		(\$	43)	\$	40,010		
Decrease in other receivables - related parties			116,256		108,736		
Return from capital reduction of financial assets at fair	12						
value through profit or loss - non-current			-		130		
Proceeds from liquidation of investments accounted for	6(7)						
under equity method			10,019		2,948		
Return of capital in advance from investments accounted	6(7)						
for under equity method			-		33,612		
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(29)	(	1,614)	(	4,397)		
Cash paid for acquisition of investment property	6(29)	(	3,973)		-		
Cash paid for acquisition of intangible assets	6(29)	(	4,081)	(	3,189)		
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(	4,625 )	(	1,528)		
Decrease in other non-current assets			255		512		
Net cash flows from investing activities			112,194		176,834		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(30)		596,055		779,123		
Repayments of short-term borrowings	6(30)	(	839,122 )	(	430,000)		
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(30)	(	150,000)	(	25,000)		
Cash distribution from capital surplus	6(17)	(	14,615)	(	29,231)		
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(	407,682)		294,892		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			72,975	(	80,818)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		212,173		292,991		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	285,148	\$	212,173		

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and reports of other auditors (refer to *Other matter* section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

#### **Cut-off of operating revenue from export sales**

#### **Description**

Refer to Note 4(30) for accounting policies on operating revenue and Notes 6(22) and 14(6) for details of revenue. Exports sales comprise a significant portion of the Group's revenues, which are recognized based on the terms and conditions of the transaction agreed with the customer. As the revenue recognition process involves manual process and judgements, there exists a risk of material misstatement that may arise from improper timing in revenue recognition for transactions that occur near the balance sheet date. Thus, we considered the cut-off of operating revenue from export sales a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and assessed the accounting policies on revenue recognition.
- 2. Confirmed the completeness of the sales revenue transaction details of the export sales for a certain period before or after the balance sheet date and performed cut-off tests on a sampling basis to inspect the supporting documents (including confirming transaction conditions, checking orders, shipping documents, export declarations and bills of lading, etc.) to ascertain whether sales revenue was recognized in the proper period.

#### Other matter – Reports of other auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under equity method that are included in the consolidated financial statements. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements and the information disclosed relative to these investments, is based solely on the audit reports of other auditors. The balance of these investments accounted for under equity method amounted to \$73,644 thousand and \$61,840 thousand, both representing 1% of the related totals as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and share of profit or loss amounted to \$19,180 thousand and \$13,811 thousand, constituting 4% and (7%) of the total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively.

#### Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with an *Other matter* section on the parent company only financial statements of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Lin, Tzu-Shu

**Independent Accountants** 

Tien, Chung-Yu

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan Republic of China March 21, 2023

\_\_\_\_\_\_

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			 December 31, 2022	 December 31, 2021		
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT		AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 798,957	15	\$ 681,095	13
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)				
	profit or loss - current		32	-	-	-
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost -	6(3)				
	current		65,745	1	39,730	1
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)	891	-	380	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	1,183,709	23	1,145,171	22
1200	Other receivables		61,152	1	71,751	1
1220	Current income tax assets	6(29)	232	-	215	-
130X	Inventories	6(5)	1,071,255	21	1,216,865	23
1410	Prepayments		 82,917	2	 127,627	3
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>		 3,264,890	63	 3,282,834	63
	Non-current assets					
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	5(2) and 6(2)				
	profit or loss - non-current		86,954	2	86,954	2
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(6)				
	other comprehensive income - non-					
	current		609	-	639	-
1535	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(3)				
	non-current		320,144	6	352,363	7
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(7)(13)				
	equity method		73,644	2	71,235	1
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8), 7 and 8	1,053,270	21	1,040,175	20
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	110,252	2	118,021	2
1760	Investment property, net	6(11)	137,443	3	134,633	3
1780	Intangible assets	6(12)(13)	13,054	-	15,893	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(29)	68,773	1	76,626	2
1915	Prepayments for equipment	6(8)(11)(12)	13,440	-	1,528	-
1920	Guarantee deposits paid		15,075	-	12,777	-
1975	Net defined benefit asset, non-current	6(17)	3,158	-	-	-
1990	Other non-current assets	6(8)	 16,184		 19,566	
15XX			1 010 000	27		27
	Total non-current assets		 1,912,000	37	 1,930,410	37

(Continued)

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Listillian and Empley	Notes		December 31, 2022  AMOUNT %			December 31, 2021 AMOUNT %			
	Liabilities and Equity  Current liabilities	Notes	A	MOUNI	<u>%</u>		AMOUNI	<u>%</u>		
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(14) and 8	\$	700,809	14	\$	975,185	19		
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(15)	Φ	700,809	14	Ф	149,972	3		
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(22)		5,028	-		8,776	-		
2150	Notes payable	0(22)		7,516	-		13,154			
2170	Accounts payable			217,697	4		347,395	7		
2200	Other payables	6(16)		454,982	9		427,017	8		
	Current income tax liabilities	6(29)			9					
2230		0(29)		27,322	1		1,816	-		
2280	Lease liabilities - current			28,555	1		23,874	-		
2310	Advance receipts			384			581			
21XX	Total current liabilities			1,442,293	28		1,947,770	37		
	Non-current liabilities									
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(29)		39,742	1		39,742	1		
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current			45,091	1		61,124	1		
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities - non-	6(17)								
	current			108,684	2		103,151	2		
2645	Guarantee deposits received			3,010			7,703			
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			196,527	4		211,720	4		
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,638,820	32		2,159,490	41		
	Equity attributable to owners of									
	parent									
	Share capital									
3110	Common stock	6(18)		1,471,535	28		1,471,535	28		
3200	Capital surplus	6(19)		830,797	15		845,412	16		
	Retained earnings	6(20)								
3310	Legal reserve			766,835	15		766,835	15		
3320	Special reserve			204,724	4		162,805	3		
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			311,783	6		41,921	1		
3400	Other equity interest	6(6)(7)(21)	(	24,941)	-	(	212,091) (	4)		
3500	Treasury stocks	6(18)	(_	22,663)		(_	22,663)			
3XXX	Total equity			3,538,070	68		3,053,754	59		
	Contingent liabilities and commitments	9								
				5,176,890						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings (loss) per share data)

			Year ended December 31						
				2022			2021		
1000	Items	Notes	Φ.	AMOUNT 7.520.845	100	•	AMOUNT 5.7(1.47(	_	100
4000 5000	Operating revenue Operating costs	6(22) 6(5)(9)(12)(17)(27)(2	2	7,529,845	100	\$	5,761,476		100
<b>5</b> 000	AV	8) and 7	(	6,310,580) (	84)	(	4,985,268)	(	87)
5900	Net operating margin	6(0)(11)(12)(17)(27)(		1,219,265	16		776,208	_	13
	Operating expenses	6(9)(11)(12)(17)(27)( 28), 7 and 12							
6100	Selling expenses	20), 7 and 12	(	287,016) (	4)	(	319,250)	(	6)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	615,162) (	8)		533,293)		9)
6300	Research and development expenses		(	75,981) (		(	73,251)	(	1)
6450 6000	Expected credit losses Total operating expenses		_	5,380) 983,539) (	13)	_	7,044) 932,838)	_	16)
6900	Operating profit (loss)			235,726	3	_	156,630)	-	3)
0700	Non-operating income and expenses			233,720			130,030)	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>
7100	Interest income	6(3)(23)		25,217	-		23,611		1
7010	Other income	6(10)(11)(24), 7 and		22.260			1.4.550		
7020	Other gains and losses	12 6(2)(3)(25)(27) and		32,269	1		14,772		-
7020	Other gams and losses	12		61,858	1	(	7,423)		_
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(26)	(	20,689)	-	(	12,439)		-
7060	Share of profit/(loss) of associates and	6(7)							
	joint ventures accounted for under equity method			12,919			11 451		
7000	Total non-operating income and			12,919			11,451		
7000	expenses			111,574	2		29,972		1
7900	Profit (loss) before income tax			347,300	<u>2</u> 5	(	126,658)	(	2)
7950	Income tax expense	6(29)	(	46,268) (	1)	(	8,446)	_	
8200	Profit (loss) for the year		\$	301,032	4	(\$	135,104)	(	2)
	Other comprehensive income (loss) Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss								
8311	Actuarial gains (losses) on defined	6(17)							
0216	benefit plans	((()(21)	\$	13,392	-	(\$	16,778)		-
8316	Unrealized (losses) gains on valuation of investments in equity instruments	0(0)(21)							
	measured at fair value through other								
	comprehensive income		(	30)	-		163		-
8320	Share of other comprehensive income	6(7)(21)							
	(loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will								
	not be reclassified to profit or loss			6,105	_	(	227)		_
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(29)							
	other comprehensive (loss) income that		,	2.7(0)			2 770		
	will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Components of other comprehensive		(	2,769)	-		3,770		-
	income (loss) that will be reclassified to								
	profit or loss								
8361	Financial statements translation	6(21)		100 425	2	,	47 072)	,	1)
8370	differences of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income	6(7)(21)		180,425	3	(	47,973)	(	1)
0370	(loss) of associates and joint ventures	0(7)(21)							
	accounted for under equity method - will								
0200	be reclassified to profit or loss			776	<u>-</u>	(	865)	_	
8300	Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		•	197,899	3	(\$	61,910)	(	1)
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the		Ψ	177,077		( <u></u>	01,710)	<u>'</u>	
0500	year		\$	498,931	7	( <u>\$</u>	197,014)	(_	3)
9610	Income (loss) attributable to:		¢	201 022	4	(0	125 104)	(	2)
8610	Owners of the parent Comprehensive income (loss) attributable		Ф	301,032	4	( <u>\$</u>	135,104)	<u>_</u>	2)
	to:								
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	498,931	7	(\$	197,014)	(_	3)
		6.000					<u></u>		
0750	Earnings (loss) per share (in dollars)	6(30)	¢		2.06	( ¢			0.02)
9750 9850	Basic Diluted		\$ 		2.06	(\$			0.92)
9030	The second		φ	f those consolidated finance		<u> </u>			0.74)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent Retained Earnings Other Equity Interest Unrealized gains (losses) from Financial financial assets statements measured at fair translation value through other differences of Unappropriated foreign comprehensive Capital surplus Legal reserve Special reserve retained earnings operations Total equity Notes Common stock income Treasury stocks Year ended December 31, 2021 Balance at January 1, 2021 \$ 1,471,535 874,643 766,835 63,280 289,174 159,201 ) 3,604) 22,663) \$ 3,279,999 Loss for the year ended December 31, 2021 135,104) 135,104) 48,838 ) Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2021 6(21) 12,624) 61,910 ) Total comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2021 147,728) 48,838) 448 197,014) Distribution of 2020 net income: Special reserve 99,525 99,525) Cash distribution from capital surplus 6(19) 29,231) 29,231) Balance at December 31, 2021 1,471,535 845,412 766,835 162,805 41,921 208,039 ) 4,052) 22,663) \$ 3,053,754 Year ended December 31, 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 162,805 41,921 208,039 ) \$ 1,471,535 845,412 766,835 4,052) (\$ 22,663 ) \$ 3,053,754 301,032 Profit for the year ended December 31, 2022 301,032 Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022 6(21) 10,749 181,201 5,949 197,899 Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022 311,781 181,201 5,949 498,931 Distribution of 2021 net income: 41,919 ) Special reserve 41,919 Cash distribution from capital surplus 6(19) 14,615 ) 14,615) Balance at December 31, 2022 830,797 204,724 26,838 1,471,535 766,835 311,783 22,663) \$ 3,538,070

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## $\frac{\text{TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS}}$

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Year ended December 31			er 31	
	Notes		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit (loss) before tax		\$	347,300	(\$	126,658)
Adjustments			•		,
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Foreign currency exchange losses (gains)			4,006	(	3,973)
Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value	6(25)				
through profit or loss		(	32)	(	218)
Impairment loss on financial assets at amortized cost -	6(3)(25)				
current			42,788		-
Expected credit losses	12		5,380		6,055
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(7)				
accounted for under equity method		(	12,919)	(	11,451)
Reclassification of exchange loss arising from	6(21)(25)				
disposal of investments			4,658		-
Depreciation	6(8)(9)(11)(27)		137,083		129,993
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and	6(25)				
equipment			27	(	1,106)
Property, plant and equipment transferred to expense	6(8)(31)		-		64
Loss on disposal of investment property	6(25)		3		3
Amortisation	6(12)(27)		8,483		7,657
Interest income	6(23)	(	25,217)	(	23,611)
Dividend income	6(24)	(	12)		-
Interest expense	6(26)		20,689		12,439
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Notes receivable		(	511)		307
Accounts receivable		(	43,918)	(	122,953)
Other receivables			7,237		4,794
Inventories			145,610	(	437,349)
Prepayments			44,710	(	7,760)
Changes in operating liabilities					
Contract liabilities - current		(	3,748)		741
Notes payable		(	5,638)		5,116
Accounts payable		(	129,698)		20,771
Other payables			27,553		41,404
Advance receipts		(	197)		197
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current			15,588	(	17,349)
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations		<u>-</u>	589,225	(	522,887)
Interest received			25,576		24,598
Dividends received			7,384		803
Income tax received			-		30
Interest paid		(	20,438)	(	12,237)
Income tax paid		(_	14,236)	(_	6,948)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities			587,511	(	516,641 )

(Continued)

## $\frac{\text{TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS}}$

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2022		2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Decrease in financial assets at amortised cost		\$	2,115	\$	42,364	
Decrease in other reveivables			9,369		13,549	
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair	12					
value through profit or loss			-		130	
Return of capital in advance from investments accounted	6(7)					
for under equity method			-		33,612	
Proceeds from liquidation of investments accounted for	6(7)					
using equity method			10,019		-	
Cash paid for acquisition of property plant and equipment	6(31)	(	49,300)	(	56,187)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			1,386		2,227	
Acquisition of right-of-use asset		(	5,209)		-	
Cash paid for acquisition of investment property	6(31)	(	3,973)		-	
Cash paid for acquisition of intangible assets	6(31)	(	4,081)	(	3,189)	
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(	13,439)	(	1,528)	
(Increase) decrease in guarantee deposits paid		(	2,298)		3,492	
Decrease in other non-current assets			3,382		6,395	
Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities		(	52,029)		40,865	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(32)		683,382		889,848	
Repayments of short-term borrowings	6(32)	(	968,927)	(	506,729)	
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(32)	(	150,000)	(	25,000)	
Payments of lease liabilities	6(32)	(	28,806)	(	23,201)	
Decrease in guarantee deposit received	6(32)	(	4,693)	(	406)	
Cash distribution from capital surplus	6(19)	(	14,615)	(	29,231)	
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(	483,659)		305,281	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash		-	66,039	(	17,146)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			117,862	(	187,641 )	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		681,095		868,736	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	798,957	\$	681,095	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Unit: NT\$

Item	Amount	Note
Current net profit	301,033,508	
Plus: Current other comprehensive income(definded benefit plan)	10,749,376	
Less: Provision of legal reserve(10% of net profit after tax)	(31,178,288)	
Plus: Reversal of special reserve	179,782,289	
Current distributable amount (adjustment of retained earnings.)	460,386,885	
Previous Year's Unappropriated Earnings	0	
Previous Year's Unappropriated Earnings	0	
Cumulative Earnings Available for Distribution	460,386,885	
Items for Distribution		
Cash Dividends (per share NT\$1)	146,153,534	
End of Term unappropriated Earnings	314,233,351	

Remarks: Pursuant to Article 31-1 of the Articles of Incorporation, if there is any surplus in the Company's earnings as concluded by the annual accounting book close, after paying taxes and making up for accumulated losses, 10% shall be set aside as legal reserve, except when the legal reserve has reached the Company's paid-in capital and the remainder shall be set aside or reversed as special reserve in accordance with the law; if there is any remaining balance, it shall be set aside as distributable earnings for the current period. The Company's dividends policy is to distribute dividends to shareholders in an amount not less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the period in accordance with the Company's current and future development plans, the investment environment, capital requirements and domestic and international competition, as well as the interests of shareholders are taken into account. The distribution of dividends to shareholders may be made in cash or in stock, with the percentage of cash dividends being no less than 10% of the total dividends.

Chairman: Yang Ching-Hon



General Manager: Yang Shun-Hui



Accounting Officer: Tsai Chen-Chih



### Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

# Comparison Table of Amendments to Operating Procedures for the Acquisition or <u>Disposal of Assets</u>

Amended by the board of directors on 21 March, 2023

Provisions after amendment	Provisions before amendment	Description
Article 9:	Article 9:	The Amendment
I. Omitted	I. Omitted	is made by the
II. Evaluation and operating procedures	II. Evaluation and operating procedures	document of R-
When the Company intends to acquire or	When the Company intends to acquire or	11100243661
dispose of real property or right-of-use	dispose of real property or right-of-use	
assets thereof from or to a related party or when it intends to acquire or dispose of	assets thereof from or to a related party or when it intends to acquire or dispose of	
assets other than real property or right-of-	assets other than real property or right-of-	
use assets thereof from or to a related party	use assets thereof from or to a related party	
and the transaction amount reaches 20	and the transaction amount reaches 20	
percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total	percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total	
assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except	assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except	
in trading of domestic government bonds	in trading of domestic government bonds	
or bonds under repurchase and resale	or bonds under repurchase and resale	
agreements or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by	agreements or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by	
domestic securities investment trust	domestic securities investment trust	
enterprises, the Company may not	enterprises, the Company may not	
proceed to enter into a transaction contract	proceed to enter into a transaction contract	
or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the Board	or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the Board	
Meeting and recognized by the	Meeting and recognized by the	
supervisors:	supervisors:	
(I)–(VII) (Unamended)	(I)–(VII) (Omitted)	
(Subparagraph II-subparagraph V is	(Subparagraph II–subparagraph V is	
omitted)	omitted)	
When any of the following circumstances	If the Company or a subsidiary thereof	
is present in a transaction, after passage	that is not a domestic public company	
by the board of directors, the matter shall also be submitted to the shareholders'	will have a transaction set out in the paragraph and the transaction amount	
meeting for passage of a resolution and	will reach 10 percent or more of the	
any shareholder who has a personal	Company's total assets, the Company	
interest in the matter shall not participate	shall submit the materials in all the sub-	
in the voting.	paragraphs of the paragraph to the	
(I) If the Company or a subsidiary	shareholders meeting for approval before	
thereof that is not a domestic public	the transaction contract may be entered into and any payment made. However,	
company will have a transaction set out	this restriction does not apply to	
in the paragraph and the transaction amount will reach 10 percent or more of	transactions between the public company	
amount win rough to percent of more of	and its parent company or subsidiaries or	

Provisions after amendment	Provisions before amendment	Description
the Company's total assets, the Company	between its subsidiaries.	1
shall submit the materials in all the sub-	(Sub-paragraph VII is omitted)	
paragraphs of the paragraph to the	(Sue paragraph + 11 is enimes)	
shareholders meeting for approval before-		
the transaction contract may be entered		
into and any payment made. However,		
this restriction does not apply to		
transactions between the public company		
and its parent company or subsidiaries or		
between its subsidiaries.		
(II) In accordance with the Company		
Act, the Company's Articles of		
Incorporation or internal operating		
procedures, the amount or terms of the		
transaction that may have a significant		
impact on the Company's operations or		
shareholders' equity.		
(Sub-paragraph VII is omitted)		
If the Company has transactions		
stipulated in the first paragraph with a		
related party, the Company shall submit		
the actual transactions (including the		
actual transaction amount, transaction		
terms and information on each sub-		
paragraph of this paragraph) to the next		
shareholders' meeting after the end of		
the year.		

# Articles of Incorporation, Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

#### **Chapter I General Principles**

Amended on June 20, 2022

- Article 1 The Company is incorporated as a company limited by shares defined in the Company Act, and the name is 臺南企業股份有限公司 in Chinese, and TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD in English.
- Article 2 The Company operates the following business:
  - 1. C306010 Wearing Apparel
  - 2. C307010 Clothing Accessories
  - 3. CJ01010 Hat Manufacturing
  - 4. CK01010 Footwear Manufacturing
  - 5. CL01010 Umbrella Manufacturing
  - 6. CM01010 Case and Bag Manufacturing
  - 7. CZ99020 Zipper and Button Manufacturing
  - 8. C305010 Printing, Dyeing, and Finishing
  - 9. C801120 Manufacture of Man-made Fibers
  - 10. C805060 Plastic Leathers Products Manufacturing
  - 11. I101110 Textile Industry Consultancy
  - 12. F401010 International Trade
  - 13. C301010 Yarn Spinning Mills
  - 14. C302010 Weaving of Textiles
  - 15. F113010 Wholesale of Machinery
  - 16. H701010 Housing and Building Development and Rental
  - 17. F111090 Wholesale of Building Materials
  - 18. E604010 Machinery Installation
  - 19. CB01010 Mechanical Equipment Manufacturing
  - 20. C303010 Non-woven Fabrics Mills
  - 21. CF01011 Medical Devices Manufacturing
  - 22. F108031 Wholesale of Medical Devices
  - 23. ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.
- Article 2-1 When the Company offers guarantees (endorsement included) to third-parties, the Company's "Procedures for Making of Endorsements/Guarantees" shall be complied with.
- Article 3 The Company locates in Tainan City; if necessary, branches may be set up in other locations upon the resolutions of the Board Meeting.
- Article 4 The Company's announcement are made in the manners specified in Article 28 of the Company Act.

#### **Chapter II Shares**

- Article 5 The Company's authorized total capital is Two Billion New Taiwan Dollars and divided into Two Hundred Million shares, at a par value of Ten New Taiwan Dollars, and the Board Meeting is authorized to issue shares in batches. Of which, One Million New Taiwan Dollars, divided into Ten Million shares a par value of Ten New Taiwan Dollars, are reserved for issuing employee share subscription warrants.
- Article 6 The issued Company's shares are exempted from printing hardcopies; however, the registration shall be made to the collective securities custody enterprises.
- Article 7 The shareholder services, including transferring shares; setting up rights and pledges; reporting loss, inheritance, gifting; reporting loss or changing seals; or changing address by any shareholders, otherwise specified by the laws and regulations of securities, the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies" shall be complied with.
- Article 8 Deleted
- Article 9 Deleted
- Article 10 Deleted
- Article 11 The book is closed from 60 days prior to the convening date of a regular shareholders' meeting, or within 30 days prior to the convening date of a special shareholders' meeting, or within 5 days prior to the target date fixed by the issuing company for distribution of dividends, bonus or other benefits.

#### Chapter III Shareholders' Meetings

- Article 12 Shareholders' meetings are divided as regular and special shareholders' meeting. The regular shareholders' meetings are convened within six months after close of each fiscal year and the shareholders shall be notified 30 days prior to the convening date; special shareholders' meetings are convened when required pursuant to the laws and the shareholders shall be notified 15 days prior to the convening date. The notice in the preceding paragraph shall specify the meeting date, venue and cause of convention. A shareholders' meeting shall, unless otherwise provided for in this Act, be convened by the Board Meeting.
- Article 13 A shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend a shareholders' meeting in his/her/its behalf by executing a power of attorney stating therein the scope of power authorized to the proxy. The Company Act and the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies" promulgated by the competent authority shall be complied with.
- Article 14 If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board Meeting, the meeting shall be chaired by the Chairman. When the Chairman is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the Chairman, one of the directors shall be appointed to act as chair. Where the chairman does not make such a designation, one of the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair. When the meeting is convened by a person with the right of convening, the person serves as the chair; if two or more people have the right of convening, elect one of them shall serve as the chair.
- Article 15 The company's shareholders' meeting may be held by video conferencing or other means announced by the central competent authority.
- Article 16 Unless the Company Act provides otherwise, the resolutions of shareholders' meetings shall be adopted in the meetings attended by the majority of the total issued shares, with the approval of the majority of the attending voting rights.

According to regulatory requirements, shareholders may also vote via an electronic voting system, and those who shall be deemed as attending the shareholders' meeting in person; electronic voting shall be conducted in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.

Unless the Company Act provides otherwise, each share of stock shall be entitled for one vote.

Article 17 Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The meeting minutes in the preceding paragraph may be distributed in the manner of announcement. The meeting minutes shall record the key points of the process of agenda and the results and retained in the Company with the attendance book and proxies.

#### Chapter IV Directors and the Audit Committee

Article 18 The board of directors of the Company consists of seven to eleven directors; and are elected by the shareholders' meeting from among the persons with disposing capacity. The term of office is three years, and may be re-elected

Among the directors, at least three of seats, and one-fifth of them are the independent directors. The candidates nomination system is adopted for electing all directors, and elected from the list of director candidates by shareholders. The nomination method complies with Article 192-1 of the Company Act. The Company may obtain directors' liability insurance with respect to liabilities resulting from exercising their duties during their terms of directorship.

#### Article 18-1

The Company establishes the Audit committee pursuant to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

The provisions pertinent to supervisors in the Securities and Exchange Act, Company Act and other laws are applied to the Audit committee mutatis mutandis.

The Audit Committee shall be consisted by all independent directors. The number, term of offices and power of the Audit Committee members and the rules of procedures for the meetings, shall comply with the Audit Committee Charter that is established pursuant to the Regulations Governing the Exercise of Powers by Audit Committees of Public Companies.

- Article 19 In case no election of new directors is effected after expiration of the term of office of existing directors, the term of office of out-going directors shall be extended until the time new directors have been elected and assumed their office.
- Article 20 The directors form the Board Meeting and the Chairman is elected from among the directors by a majority vote at a meeting attended by over two-thirds of the directors. The Chairman of the Board Meeting shall internally preside the shareholders' meeting and the meeting of the board of directors and shall externally represent the Company. A vice chairman may be elected by the same means pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation. In case the chairman of the board of directors is on leave or absent or cannot exercise his power and authority for any cause; where the vice chairman is also on leave or absent or unable to exercise his power and authority for any cause, the chairman of the board of directors shall designate one of the directors to act on his behalf. In the absence of such a designation, the directors shall elect from among themselves an acting chairman.
- Article 21 When the number of vacancies in the Board Meeting of a company equals to one third of the total number of directors, the board of directors shall call, within 60 days, a special meeting of shareholders to elect succeeding directors to fill the vacancies.
- Article 22 Board Meeting are convened every three month; unless otherwise specified in the Company Act, board meetings are convened by the chairman and directors are informed with notice specifying causes of convention; however, in case of emergency, the meeting may be convened anytime. The notice for convening board meetings may be given by means of correspondence, fax or e-mail.
- Article 23 Resolutions of the Board Meeting shall be adopted by a majority of the directors at a meeting attended by a majority of the directors. In case a director is unable to attend due to any reason, he/she may appoint another director to attend on his/her behalf, he/she shall, in each time, issue a written proxy

and state therein the scope of authority with reference to the subjects to be discussed at the meeting. A director may accept the appointment to act as the proxy of one other director only.

- Article 24 Minutes shall be taken of the proceedings of the meeting of the Board Meeting, shall be affixed with the signature or seal of the chairman of the meeting, and shall be distributed to all shareholders of the company within twenty days after the close of the meeting. The meeting minutes shall record the key points of the process of agenda and the results, and retained in the Company with the attendance book and proxies.
- Article 25 Deleted
- Article 26 Deleted
- Article 26-1 The Board Meeting is authorized to decide the remunerations to the directors based on the common level among peers.

#### Chapter V. Managerial Officer and Staff

- Article 27 A company may have one or more managerial officers; the appointment, discharge, and remunerations shall comply with Article 29 of the Company Act
- Article 28 Deleted
- Article 29 A managerial officer shall be empowered to manage the operations of the company and to sign relevant business documents for the company, subject to the scope of his/her duties and power as specified in the Articles of Incorporation or his/her employment contract.

#### Chapter VI Settlement

- Article 30 At the close of each fiscal year, the Board Meeting shall prepare the following statements and records and submit such 30 days prior to the meeting date of a regular shareholders' meeting, pursuant to the statutory procedure, for the ratification in the regular shareholders' meeting.
  - 1. the business report
  - 2. the financial statement
  - 3. the surplus earning distribution or loss off-setting proposals
- Article 31 The Company shall distribute the profit sharing remuneration to employees at a rate of not less than 1% of the Company's profit for the year and the profit sharing remuneration to directors at a rate of not more than 5% of the Company's profit for the year. However, if there is any accumulated loss, shall be offset first.

The employee remunerations may be made in cash or shares; employees of subsidiaries meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive the employee remunerations.

The current year's profit in paragraph 1 refers to the current year's income before tax and before the distribution of the remuneration to employees and directors.

By a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a Board Meeting attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, the remunerations to employees and directors may be distributed and report to the shareholders' meeting.

Article 31-1 If there is any surplus in the Company's earnings as concluded by the annual accounting book close, after paying tax and making up for accumulated losses, 10% shall be set aside as legal reserve, except when the legal reserve has reached the Company's paid-in capital and the remainder shall be set aside or reversed as a special reserve in accordance with the law; if there is any remaining balance, it shall be set aside as distributable earnings for the current period. The accumulated undistributed earnings for the current period, together with the accumulated undistributed earnings of the previous year, is the

accumulated distributable earnings. The Board Meeting shall prepare an earnings distribution and submit it to the shareholders' meeting for resolution on the distribution of dividends to shareholders.

The Company's dividends policy is to distribute dividends to shareholders in an amount not less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the period in accordance with the Company's current and future development plans, the investment environment, capital requirements and domestic and international competition, as well as the interests of shareholders are taken into account. The distribution of dividends to shareholders may be made in cash or in stock, with the percentage of cash dividends being no less than 10% of the total dividends.

#### **Chapter VII Supplementary Provisions**

- Article 32 The organizational charter and details of the Company are determined by the Board Meeting separately.
- Article 33 The reinvestment amount of the Company complies with Article 13 of the Company Act, but is not subject to the limit of 40% of the paid-in capital.
- Article 34 For anything not mentioned in the Articles of Incorporation, the Company Act and other laws and regulations shall be complied with.
- Article 35 The Articles of Incorporation was established on May 7, 1960; the 1<sup>st</sup> amendment was made on July 20, 1960; the 2<sup>nd</sup> amendment was made on June 13, 1961; the 3<sup>rd</sup> amendment was made on October 1, 1961; the 4<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on January 12, 1964; the 5<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on March 19, 1967; the 6<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on July 12, 1969; the 7<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on December 22, 1972; the 8<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on June 29, 1981; the 9<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on April 23, 1982; the 10<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on May 14, 1984; the 11<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on October 9, 1985; the 12<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on June 25, 1986; the 13<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on September 29, 1988; the 14<sup>th</sup> amendment was made on August 11, 1989;

the 15th amendment was made on July 25, 1990; the 16th amendment was made on May 18, 1991; the 17th amendment was made on August 16, 1991; the 18th amendment was made on February 10, 1992; the 19th amendment was made on September 2, 1992; the 20th amendment was made on December 14, 1993; the 21st amendment was made on February 14, 1994; the 22nd amendment was made on May 3, 1994; the 23rd amendment was made on June 28, 1996; the 24th amendment was made on June 23, 1997; the 25th amendment was made on December 24, 1997; the 26th amendment was made on April 18, 1998; the 27th amendment was made on May 21, 1999; the 28th amendment was made on May 12, 2000; the 29th amendment was made on April 27, 2001; the 30th amendment was made on May 3, 2002; the 31st amendment was made on May 23, 2003; the 32nd amendment was made on June 19, 2004; the 33rd amendment was made on June 9, 2006; the 34th amendment was made on June 19, 2009; the 35th amendment was made on June 18, 2010; the 36th amendment was made on June 10, 2011; the 37th amendment was made on June 28, 2012; the 38th amendment was made on March 31, 2016; the 39th amendment was made on June 26, 2017; the 40th amendment was made on June 28, 2018; the 41st amendment was made on June 24, 2019; the 42 st amendment was made on June 15, 2020; the 43 st amendment was made on June 20,2022.

Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

Chairman: Yang Ching-Hon

## **Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.**Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings

Amended on June 20, 2022

- I. To establish a strong governance system and sound supervisory capabilities for the Company's shareholders' meetings, and to strengthen management capabilities, these Rules are adopted pursuant to Article 5 of the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.
- II. The rules of procedures for the Company's shareholders' meetings, except as otherwise provided by the law, regulation or the Articles of Incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.
- III. Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, the Company's shareholders meetings shall be convened by the Board of Directors.

The method of convening shareholders' meetings, if changed, shall be resolved by the Board of Directors, and not later than sending the shareholders' meeting notice.

The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting notice and proxy forms and the origins of and explanatory materials related to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation or the election or dismissal of directors and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) at least 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or 15 days before the date of a special shareholders' meeting. The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders' meeting or 15 days before the date of the special shareholders' meeting. However, in the case of the Company with paid-in capital reaching NT\$10 billion or more as of the last day of the most current fiscal year or total shareholding of foreign shareholders and PRC shareholders reaches 30% or more as recorded in the register of shareholders of the shareholders meeting held in the immediately preceding year, transmission of these electronic files shall be made by 30 days before the regular shareholders meeting. In addition, 15 days before the date of the shareholders' meeting, the Company shall also have prepared the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by the shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at the Company and professional shareholders' services agent designated thereby as well as being shall furnish to the shareholders for reference on the date of the shareholders' meeting in the following manner:

- 1. For physical shareholders meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting.
- 2. For hybrid shareholders meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting and shared on the virtual meeting platform.
- 3. For virtual-only shareholders meetings, electronic files shall be shared on the virtual meeting platform.

The reasons for convening a shareholders' meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form.

Election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, amendments to the articles of incorporation, reduction of capital, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competing with the company by directors, surplus profit distributed in the form of new shares, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, the dissolution, merger or demerger of the corporation or any matter under related laws and regulations and the Company's Articles of Incorporation that shall be set out and the essential contents explained in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders' meeting. None of the above matters may be raised

by an extraordinary motion.

A shareholder holding one percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to this Corporation a proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders' meeting. The number of items so proposed is limited to one only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. However, the Board of Directors may still include the shareholder's proposal in the motion if its purpose is to urge the Company to promote the public interest or fulfill its social responsibility. In addition, any shareholder's proposal violating laws or the Company's Articles of Incorporation may be excluded from agenda by the Board of Directors.

Prior to the book closure date before a regular shareholders' meeting is held, the Company shall publicly announce its acceptance of shareholder proposals in writing or electronically, and the location and time period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be less than 10 days.

Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular shareholders meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders meeting, the Company shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders meeting, the Board of directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

IV. For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by the Company and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization. A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders' meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

After a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation should be submitted to the Company two business days before the meeting. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, the exercise of voting right by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

After a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, if the shareholder intends to attend in the manner of a video conference, a written notice of proxy cancellation should be submitted to the Company two business days before the meeting. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

- V. The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of the Company, or a place easily accessible to the shareholders and suitable for a shareholders' meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions of the independent directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting.
  - The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when the Company convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting.
- VI. The Company shall specify the shareholders, proxy solicitors, proxy agents (hereinafter referred to as the "shareholders"), time and location for shareholder registration in the meeting notice as well as other matters requiring attention.

Admission of meeting participants in the preceding paragraph shall begin at least 30 minutes before the meeting commences. The reception area must be clearly labeled and stationed with competent personnel. The time during which shareholders' attendance registrations will be accepted at the video conference platform shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The shareholders accepted are deemed to have attended the shareholders' meeting in person.

The Company shall furnish the attending shareholders with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

The Company shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of directors or supervisors, pre-printed ballots shall also be furnished.

When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one representative at a shareholders' meeting. When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.

Shareholders shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. The Company may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings and shareholders intend to attend in the manner of video conference shall register with the Company at least two days prior to the meeting date.

Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the Company shall upload the agenda handbook, annual reports and other related information to the video conference platform for the shareholders' meeting and retain the disclosure of such until the meeting ends.

VI-I Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the meeting notice shall specify the following matters:

- 1. The method for shareholders to attend the video conference and exercise of their rights.
- 2. The handling method when the video conference platform or participation in the manner of video conference fails due to *force majeure*, such as natural disasters or incidents and the following shall be at least included:
  - (I) Time and date for the postponement or re-convention when the aforesaid continuous failure that cannot be eliminated and thus a postponement or re-convention is required.
  - (II) The shareholders have not registered to attend the first shareholders' meeting must not attend the postponed or re-convened meeting.
  - (III) In case of a hybrid shareholders meeting, when the virtual meeting cannot be continued, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual shareholders meeting online, meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholders' meeting, then the shareholders' meeting shall continue. The shares represented by shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, and the shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders' meeting.
  - (IV) Actions to be taken if the outcome of all proposals have been announced and extempore motion has not been carried out.
- 3. Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the proper alternatives provided for the shareholders having difficulties attending in the manner of a video conference shall be specified.
- VII. If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board Meeting, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairman. When the chairman is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the chairman, the vice

chairman shall act in place of the chairman; if there is no vice chairman or the vice chairman also is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the vice chairman, the chairman shall appoint one of the managing directors to act as chair, or, if there are no managing directors, one of the directors shall be appointed to act as chair. Where the chairman does not make such a designation, the managing directors or the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.

It is advisable that the majority of the board members attend the shareholders' meetings convened by the Board Meeting.

When the Board Meeting is convened by a person with right of convening, the person serves as the chair; if two or more people have right of convening, elect one from among them to serve as the chair.

The Company may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders' meeting in a non-voting capacity.

VIII. The company shall make audio or video recordings of the entire shareholder meeting process and keep them for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the Company shall record and retain the records of the registration, enrollment, acceptance, inquiries, voting and the results of vote calculation and continuously record the video conference thoroughly, both audio and video.

The records and audio- and video recordings in the preceding paragraphs shall be properly retained during the Company's survival period and the audio-and video recordings are provided to the organizer of the video conference for custody.

IX. Attendance at shareholders' meetings shall be calculated based on the number of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in, shares registered at the video conference platform, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.

The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time and disclose information concerning the number of nonvoting shares and number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the Company shall announce the meeting adjournment at the video conference platform.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders' meeting shall be convened within one month. Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings and shareholders intend to attend in the manner of video conference shall register again with the Company per Article 6.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders' meeting pursuant

- to Article 174 of the Company Act.
- X. If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board Meeting, the meeting agenda shall be set by the Board Meeting. The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply *mutatis mutandis* to a shareholders' meeting convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the Board Meeting.

The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed, call for a vote, and schedule sufficient time for voting.

XI. Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair. A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.

Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech. When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violations.

When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal. After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

shareholders' meetings, the shareholders attending in the manner of video conference may inquire with text at the video conference platform of the meeting since the chair announces the meeting commencement until the adjournment. No more than two inquiries shall be raised for each proposal and the maximum length is 200 words. Paragraphs 1 to 3 are not applicable.

Where the inquiries in the preceding paragraph not violating the requirements or within the scope of agenda, it is advisable to disclose the inquiries at the video conference platform of the meeting for public knowledge.

XII. Voting at shareholders' meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. With respect to resolutions of shareholders' meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.

When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item and there is the likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of the Company, that shareholder may not vote on that item and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder.

The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.

With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholders' services agent approved by the competent securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed three percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.

XIII. A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

When the Company holds a shareholder meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence; when voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting.

A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to this Corporation before two days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders' meeting in person or in the manner of video conference, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to the Company, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before two business days before the date of the shareholders' meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. If a shareholder intends to exercise his/her voting rights by correspondence or electronically but appoints a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form, the votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in this Corporation's Articles of Incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. During the voting process, the chair or the designated personnel announce the total number of the eligible voting rights of the attending shareholders case by case and then carry out the voting. On the same day of the meeting, the number of agree, disagree and abstain are entered into the Market Observation Post System.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected and no further voting shall be required.

Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company.

Vote counting for shareholders meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced on-site at the meeting and a record made of

the vote.

Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the shareholders attending in the manner of a video conferencing shall vote via the video conference platform on each proposal and election after the Chairman declares the meeting's commencement. Such voting shall be completed before the Chairman declares the end of voting; anyone who misses the deadline is deemed to have abstained.

Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the votes shall be calculated at once upon the end of voting declared by the chair and announce the results of the voting or elections.

Where the Company convenes the video-assisted shareholders' meetings, the shareholders who already have registered to attend the meeting under Article 6 in the manner of video conference pursuant to the regulations, but then intend to attend the off-line shareholders' meeting in person, shall withdraw the registration in the same manner of registration 2 days prior to the shareholders' meeting date; those who miss the deadline may only attend the shareholders' meeting in the manner of a video conference.

These who exercise the vote in the manner of writing or electronic method, without withdrawing their expressions of intents and attending the meeting in the manner of a video conference, other than the *extempore* motions, must not exercise the votes to the original proposal, propose any amendments to the original proposal or exercise the votes to the amendment to the original proposal, other than *extempore* motions.

- XIV. The election of directors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by this Corporation and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and supervisors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected and the names of directors and supervisors not elected and number of votes they received.
  - The ballots for the elections referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.
- XV. Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders' meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The meeting minutes may be produced and distributed in electronic form.

The Company may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted and a summary of the deliberations and their voting results. The minutes shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, other than the matters to be recorded as required in the preceding paragraph, the starting and ending time of the shareholders' meeting, convention method of the meeting, names of the chair and record-keeper and the handling method when the video conference platform or participation in the manner of video conference fails due to disasters, incidents or other *force majeure* and the handling status shall be specified.

Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, other than complying with the preceding paragraph, the minutes shall also specify the alternatives for the shareholders having difficulties to attend in the manner of a video conference.

XVI. On the day of a shareholders meeting, the Company shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation, the number of shares represented by proxies, the shares attending by correspondence or electronically, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting. The Company shall upload the aforesaid information to the video conference platform for the shareholders' meeting, at least 30 minutes prior to the meeting and retain the disclosure of such until the meeting ends.

Where the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the total shares held by the shareholders attending the meeting shall be disclosed at the video conference platform. If the total shares and voting rights of the attending shareholders are counted during the meeting, the same applies.

If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (or Taipei Exchange Market) regulations, this Corporation shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.

XVII.Staff handling administrative affairs of a shareholders' meeting shall wear identification cards or arm bands.

The chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to help maintain order at the meeting place. When proctors or security personnel help maintain order at the meeting place, they shall wear an identification card or armband bearing the word "Proctor."

At the place of a shareholders' meeting, if a shareholder attempts to speak through any device other than the public address equipment set up by the Company, the chair may prevent the shareholder from so doing.

When a shareholder violates the rules of procedure and defies the chair's correction, obstructing the proceedings and refusing to heed calls to stop, the chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to escort the shareholder from the meeting.

XVIII. When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break based on time considerations. If a force *majeure* event occurs, the chair may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting will be resumed.

If the meeting venue is no longer available for continued use and not all of the items (including extraordinary motions) on the meeting agenda have been addressed, the shareholders' meeting may adopt a resolution to resume the meeting at another venue.

A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders' meeting to defer or resume the meeting within five days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act.

- XIX. Where the shareholders' meetings are convened in the manner of video conference, the Company shall disclose the voting results of each proposal and election results at the video conference platform for the shareholders' meeting and retain the disclosure at least 15 minutes after the chair declares adjournment.
- XX. When the Company convenes the video shareholders' meetings, the chair and the record-keeper shall be at the same location within Taiwan. The chair shall announce the address of this location.
- XXI. Where the shareholders' meeting is convened in the manner of video conference, the Company may provide the shareholders with a simple connection test and the related services before and during the meeting in real-time, to help to handle technical problems of communications.

Where the shareholders' meeting is convened in the manner of video conference, the chair, when declaring the meeting commencement, shall also declare the events not requiring postponement or re-convention specified in Paragraph 4, Article 44-20 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public

Companies; before the chair declares the adjournment, in the event where the video conference platform or the participation in the video conference fails for 30 minutes or more due to nature disasters, incidents or other force majeure, the date of the shareholders' meeting postponed to or re-convened shall be within 5 days and Article 182 of the Company Act shall not apply.

Where the meeting is to be postponed or re-convened as specified in the preceding paragraph, the shareholders have not registered to attend the first shareholders' meeting must not attend the postponed or re-convened meeting.

For the meeting is to be postponed or re-convened as specified in Paragraph 2, the shareholders who registered to attend the original meeting via the video conference, and have completed the acceptance, but not attend the postponed or re-convened meeting, their attending shares at the original meeting, the exercised voting rights and election rights, shall be counted into the total shares, voting rights and election rights of the attending shareholders in the postponed or re-convened meeting.

The postponement or re-convention of shareholders' meetings conducted per Paragraph 2 needs not again discuss and resolve the proposal that have completed voting and vote calculation, with the announcement of voting results, or the list of elected directors and supervisors.

Where the Company convenes the video-assisted shareholders' meetings and when the video meeting is discontinued as specified in Paragraph 2 and the total attending shares still meet the statutory quorum for shareholders' meeting commencement, the postponement or re-convention of the meeting per Paragraph 2 is not required.

Under the circumstances to continue the meeting as specified in the preceding paragraph, the shares held by the shares attending the meeting via video conference shall be included in the total shares of the attending shareholders, but deemed abstaining for all proposals in the concerned shareholders' meeting.

Where the Company postpones or re-convenes any shareholders' meeting as specified in Paragraph 2, the prerequisite operations shall be conducted based on the original shareholders' meeting date, and pursuant to Paragraph 7, Article 44-20 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies.

For the periods specified in the latter part of Article 12 and Paragraph 3 of Article 13 of the Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholders' Meetings of Public Companies, Paragraph 2 of Article 44-5, Article 44-15, Paragraph 1 of Article 44-17 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholders' Services of Public Companies, the Company shall proceed on the date of the postponed or reconvened shareholders' meeting per Paragraph 2.

XXII. When convening a virtual-only shareholders meeting, the Company shall provide appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders meeting online.

XXIII. The Rules are implemented upon the approval of the shareholders' meetings; the same applies to the amendments.

.

## **Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. Procedures for Election of Directors**

Amended on June 20, 2022

- I. Elections of the Company's directors shall be conducted in accordance with these Procedures.
- II. The cumulative voting method shall be used for election of the directors at the Company except as otherwise provided in the Company's articles of incorporation. Each share will have voting rights in the number equal to the directors to be elected, and may be cast for a single candidate or split among multiple candidates.
- III. The Company's directors shall be elected from among the shareholders with disposing capacity and based on the specified number of directors in the Articles of Incorporation, those receiving ballots representing the highest numbers of voting rights will be elected sequentially When two or more persons receive the same number of votes, thus exceeding the specified number of positions, they shall draw lots to determine the winner, with the chair drawing lots on behalf of any person not in attendance.

The election of all independent directors adopts the candidate nomination system, for the shareholders' meeting to elect from the list of director candidates. Elections of independent and non-independent directors are held together, but elected numbers are counted separately.

The elections and qualifications of the Company's independent directors, shall comply will the "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies."

The Company's election of directors shall, pursuant to Article 192-1 of the Company Act, adopt the candidate nomination system.

- IV. The board of directors shall prepare separate ballots for directors in numbers corresponding to the directors or supervisors to be elected. The number of voting rights associated with each ballot shall be specified on the ballots, which shall then be distributed to the attending shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Attendance card numbers printed on the ballots may be used instead of recording the names of voting shareholders.
- V. The ballot boxes shall be prepared by the board of directors and publicly checked by the vote monitoring personnel before voting commences.
- VI. Before the elections begin, the chair shall appoint a number of persons with shareholder status to perform the respective duties of vote monitoring and counting personnel.
- VII. A ballot is invalid under any of the following circumstances:
  - 1. A ballot prepared by a person with the right to convene is invalid.
  - 2. A blank ballot is placed in the ballot box.
  - 3. The writing is unclear and indecipherable or has been altered.
  - 4. The candidate whose name is entered in the ballot does not conform to the director candidate list.
  - 5. Other words or marks are entered in addition to the number of voting rights allotted.
- VIII. The voting rights shall be calculated on site immediately after the end of the poll, and the results of

- the calculation, including the list of persons elected as directors or supervisors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected, shall be announced by the chair on the site. The notifications shall be issued to the persons elected as directors after the meeting.
- IX. For anything not mentioned in the Procedures, the Company Act, related laws and regulations and the Company's Articles of Incorporation shall be complied with.
- X. The Rules are implemented upon the approval of the shareholders' meetings; the same applies to the amendments.

#### Shareholdings of Directors

- 1. As of the book closure date for the AGM, the issued shares are 147,153,534 shares and the Paid-in capital is NT\$1,471,535,340.
- 2. Pursuant to Article 26 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and the provisions of the Rules and Review Procedures for Director and Supervisor Share Ownership Ratios at Public Companies, the minimum shares held by all the directors are 8,829,212 shares.
- 3. As of the book closure date for the AGM, April 23, 2023, the number of shares recorded in the shareholders' roster are as follows:

Title	Name	Number of shares recorded in the shareholders' roster at the book closure date.	Shareholdings %
Chairman of the Board	Yang Ching-Hon	0	0%
Director	Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd.	6,159,821	4.19%
Director	Tian Mei Investment Co., Ltd.	3,805,200	2.59%
Director	Ri Fu Investment Co., Ltd.	3,943,401	2.68%
Director	Jing Da Development Co., Ltd.	217,263	0.15%
Director	Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.	6,501,331	4.42%
Director	CHC International Investment Co., Ltd.	9,522,000	6.47%
Director	Tai Yang Investment Co., Ltd.	1,188,000	0.81%
Independent Director	Lien King-Biau	0	0%
Independent Director	Pai Chung-Lian	0	0%
Independent Director	Li Chih-Kuang	0	0%
Total shares he	ld by all Directors	31,337,016	21.31%